

ASTHMA POLICY



Help for non-English speakers

If you need help to understand the information in this policy, please contact the school office.

Phone: [\(03\) 9398 2806](tel:0393982806)

Email: seaholme.ps@education.vic.gov.au

PURPOSE

This purpose of this policy is to ensure Seaholme Primary School as far as practicable, provides a safe, healthy and supportive school environment that takes into consideration the needs of all students, including those who may suffer from asthma.

Seaholme Primary School will:

- Raise awareness about asthma and the school's asthma management policy in the school community to ensure all students can participate equally in all aspects of the student's schooling.
- Engage with parents/carers of students at risk of asthma in assessing risks, developing risk minimisation strategies and management strategies for the student.
- Ensure that each staff member has adequate knowledge about asthma and the school's policy and procedures in responding to an asthmatic reaction.

SCOPE

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including casual relief staff, contractors and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with asthma or who may require emergency treatment for asthma and their parents/carers.

Parents and carers of students who are enrolled at Seaholme Primary School and are identified as being at risk of asthma will be provided with a copy of this policy.

DEFINITIONS

Asthma is a long-term lung condition. People with asthma have sensitive airways in their lungs which react to triggers, causing a 'flare-up'. In a flare-up, the muscles around the airway squeeze tight, the airways swell and become narrow and there is more mucus. This makes it harder to breathe. An asthma flare-up can come on slowly (over hours, days or even weeks) or very quickly (over minutes). A sudden or severe asthma flare-up is sometimes called an asthma attack.

Symptoms

Symptoms of asthma can vary over time and often vary from person to person. The most common asthma symptoms are:

- breathlessness
- wheezing (a whistling noise from the chest)
- tight feeling in the chest
- persistent cough

Symptoms often occur at night, early in the morning or during/just after physical activity. If asthma is well controlled, a person should only have occasional asthma symptoms.

Triggers

ASTHMA POLICY

A trigger is something that sets off or starts asthma symptoms. Everyone with asthma has different triggers. For most people with asthma, triggers are only a problem when asthma is not well controlled with medication.

Common asthma triggers include:

- exercise
- smoke (cigarette smoke, wood smoke from open fires, burn-offs or bushfires)
- house dust mites
- pollens
- chemicals such as household cleaning products
- food chemicals/additives
- laughter or emotions, such as stress
- colds/flu
- weather changes such as thunderstorms and cold, dry air
- moulds
- animals such as cats and dogs
- deodorants (including perfumes, after-shaves, hair spray and aerosol deodorant sprays)
- certain medications (including aspirin and anti-inflammatories)

POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

Asthma management

If a student diagnosed with asthma enrolls at Seaholme Primary School:

1. Parents/carers must provide the school with an [Asthma Care Plan](#) which has been completed by the student's medical practitioner. The plan must outline:
 - the prescribed medication taken by the student and when it is to be administered, for example as a pre-medication to exercise or on a regular basis;
 - emergency contact details;
 - the contact details of the student's medical practitioner;
 - the student's known triggers;
 - the emergency procedures to be taken in the event of an asthma flare-up or attack.
2. Parents/carers should also provide a photo of the student to be included as part of the student's Asthma Care Plan
3. Seaholme Primary School will keep all Asthma Care Plans in the front office
4. School staff may also work with parents/carers to develop a Student Health Support Plan which will include details on:
 - how the school will provide support for the student
 - identify specific strategies
 - allocate staff to assist the student
5. If a student diagnosed with asthma is going to attend a school camp or excursion, Seaholme Primary School parents/carers are required to provide any updated medical information.
6. If a student's asthma condition or treatment requirements change, parent/carers must notify the school and provide an updated Asthma Care Plan.
7. School staff will work with parents/carers to review Asthma Care Plans (and Student Health Support Plans) at least once a year e.g. at the beginning of the school year, and/or if students health plans change

Please note:

- All students with asthma must have an up to date (annual) written asthma management plan consistent with Asthma Victoria's requirements completed by their doctor or paediatrician. Appropriate asthma plan proformas are available at www.asthma.org.au
- Asthma plans will be attached to the student's records for reference.

ASTHMA POLICY

- Parents/guardians are responsible for ensuring their children have an adequate supply of appropriate asthma medication (including a spacer) with them at school at all times.

Student asthma kit

All students diagnosed with asthma are required to have a student asthma kit at school which contains:

- their own prescribed reliever medication labelled with the student's name
- their spacer (if they use one)

Student asthma kits will be stored **i.e. in the front office or in their classroom**

Asthma emergency response plan

School staff will endeavour to follow the Asthma First Aid procedures outlined in the table below (**See also Appendix B**). If a student is having an asthma attack or is having difficulty breathing for an unknown cause, even if they are not known to have asthma, school staff may contact Triple Zero "000" at any time.\

Step	Action
1.	<p>Sit the person upright</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Be calm and reassuring - Do not leave them alone - Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate the student's reliever, the Asthma Emergency Kit and the student's Asthma Care Plan (if available). - If the student's action plan is not immediately available, use the Asthma First Aid as described in Steps 2 to 5.
2.	<p>Give 4 separate puffs of blue or blue/grey reliever puffer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shake the puffer - Use a spacer if you have one - Put 1 puff into the spacer - Take 4 breaths from the spacer <p>Remember – Shake, 1 puff, 4 breaths</p>
3.	<p>Wait 4 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If there is no improvement, give 4 more separate puffs of blue/grey reliever as above - (or give 1 more dose of Bricanyl or Symbicort inhaler)
4.	<p>If there is still no improvement call Triple Zero "000" and ask for an ambulance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tell the operator the student is having an asthma attack - Keep giving 4 separate puffs every 4 minutes until emergency assistance arrives - (or 1 dose of Bricanyl or Sybicort every 4 minutes – up to 3 doses of Symbicort)
5.	<p>If asthma is relieved after administering Asthma First Aid, stop the treatment and observe the student. Notify the student's emergency contact person and record the incident</p>

Staff will call Triple Zero "000" immediately if:

- the person is not breathing
- if the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse or is not improving
- if the person is having an asthma attack and a reliever is not available
- if they are not sure if it is asthma
- if the person is known to have anaphylaxis

ASTHMA POLICY

Please note:

- Care must be provided immediately for any student who develops signs of an asthma attack.
- Children suffering asthma attacks should be treated in accordance with their asthma plan.
- If no plan is available, children are to be sat down, reassured, administered 4 puffs of a shaken reliever puffer (blue canister) delivered via a spacer– inhaling 4 deep breaths per puff, wait 4 minutes, if necessary administer 4 more puffs and repeat the cycle. An ambulance must be called if there is no improvement after the second 4-minute wait period, or if it is the child’s first known attack. Parents must be contacted whenever their child suffers an asthma attack.

Training for staff (see Appendix A)

Seaholme Primary School will provide, and have staff trained in the administering of, reliever puffers (blue canister) such as Ventolin, Airomir, Asmol or Bricanyl and spacer devices in all first-aid kits, including kits on excursions and camps. Clear written instructions on how to use these medications and devices will be included in each first aid kit, along with steps to be taken to treat severe asthma attacks. Kits will contain 70% alcohol swabs to clean devices after use.

The school will conduct an annual briefing for staff by a qualified asthma trainer on:

- the procedures outlined in this policy;
- the causes, symptoms and treatment of asthma;
- identities of the students diagnosed with asthma (if applicable);
- how to use a puffer and spacer;
- the location of:
 - o the Asthma Emergency Kits
 - o asthma medication which has been provided by parents for student use.

Seaholme Primary School will also provide this policy to casual relief staff and volunteers who will be working with students and may also provide a briefing if the principal decides it is necessary depending on the nature of the work being performed.

Asthma Emergency Kit

Seaholme Primary School will provide and maintain at least two Asthma Emergency Kits. One kit will be kept on school premises in the first aid room and/or the front office and one will be a mobile kit for activities such as:

- yard duty
- camps and excursions.

The Asthma Emergency Kit will contain:

- at least 1 blue or blue/grey reliever medication such as Airomir, Admol or Ventolin;
- at least 2 spacer devices (for single person use only) to assist with effective inhalation of the blue or blue/grey reliever medication (the school will ensure spare spacers are available as replacements). Spacers will be stored in a dust proof container;
- clear written instructions on Asthma First Aid, including:
 - o how to use the medication and spacer devices
 - o steps to be taken in treating an asthma attack
- A record sheet/log for recording the details of an asthma first aid incident, such as the number of puffs administered;
- A designated staff member will monitor and maintain the Asthma Emergency Kits. The delegated first aid staff member will be responsible for checking reliever puffer expiry dates;
- A nebuliser pump will not be used by the school staff unless a student’s asthma management plan recommends the use of such a device, and only then if the plan includes and complies with the Vic

ASTHMA POLICY

Government School's Reference Guide – Asthma Medication Delivery Devices. It will be the responsibility of the parent/guardian to provide the nebuliser.

The designated staff member will:

- ensure all contents are maintained and replaced where necessary
- regularly check the expiry date on the canisters of the blue or blue/grey reliever puffers and place them if they have expired or a low on doses
- replace spacers in the Kits after each use (spacers are single-person use only)
- dispose of any previously used spaces.

The blue or blue/grey reliever medication in the Asthma Emergency Kits may be used by more than one student as long as they are used with a spacer. If the devices come into contact with someone's mouth, they will not be used again and will be replaced.

After each use of a blue or blue/grey reliever (with a spacer):

- remove the metal canister from the puffer (do not wash the canister)
- wash the plastic casing
- rinse the mouthpiece through the top and bottom under running water for at least 30 seconds
- wash the mouthpiece cover
- air dry then reassemble
- test the puffer to make sure no water remains in it, then return to the Asthma Emergency Kit.

Management of confidential medical information

Confidential medical information provided to Seaholme Primary School to support a student diagnosed with asthma will be:

- recorded on the student's file
- shared with all relevant staff so that they are able to properly support students diagnosed with asthma and respond appropriately if necessary.

Epidemic Thunderstorm Asthma

Seaholme Primary School will be prepared to act on the warnings and advice from the Department of Education and Training when the risk of epidemic thunderstorm asthma is forecast as high.

COMMUNICATION

This policy will be communicated to our school community in the following ways:

- Available publicly on our school's website and communication platform
- Included in staff induction processes
- Included in our staff handbook/manual
- Discussed at staff briefings/meetings as required
- Discussed at parent information sessions
- Included in transition and enrolment packs
- Included as a regular reference in school newsletter
- Discussed at student forums and through SWPBS and RR
- Made available in hard copy from school administration upon request

FURTHER INFORMATION AND RESOURCES

Related School Policies

ASTHMA POLICY

- First Aid Policy
- Administration of Medication Policy
- Anaphylaxis Management Policy
- Duty of Care Policy
- Excursions and Camping Policy
- Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy
- Yard Duty and Supervision Policy

The Department's Policy and Advisory Library (PAL):

- [Asthma](#)
- [Treating an asthma attack](#)
- [Asthma Australia - resources for schools](#)
- [Asthma - Chronic Illness Alliance](#)

Related Appendices

APPENDIX A: Training for staff

APPENDIX B: Asthma First Aid

POLICY REVIEW AND APPROVAL

This policy will be reviewed annually as part of the school's review cycle, after any incident concerning students with asthma and/or if DET regulations change.

Policy last reviewed	July 2023
Approved by	Principal
Consultation	N/A
Next scheduled review date	July 2024

ASTHMA POLICY

APPENDIX A - Training for staff

Seaholme Primary School will arrange the following asthma management training for staff:

Staff	Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Valid for
Group 1 General Staff	School staff with a direct teaching role with students affected by asthma or other school staff directed by the principal after conducting a risk assessment.	Asthma first aid management for education staff (non-accredited) One hour face-to-face or online training.	The Asthma Foundation of Victoria	Free to all schools	3 years
Group 2 Specific Staff	Staff working with high risk children with a history of severe asthma, or with direct student wellbeing responsibility, (including nurses, PE/sport teachers, first aid and school staff attending camp)	<i>Course in Management of Asthma Risks and Emergencies in the Workplace 22556VIC</i> (accredited) OR <i>Course in Emergency Asthma Management 10392NAT</i> (accredited)	Any RTO that has this course in their scope of practice	Paid by the school	3 years

APPENDIX B:

Asthma First Aid

1 Sit the person upright

- Be calm and reassuring
- Do not leave them alone



2 Give 4 puffs of blue reliever puffer medication

- Use a spacer if there is one
 - **Shake** puffer
 - Put **1 puff** into spacer
 - Take **4 breaths** from spacer
- Repeat** until **4 puffs** have been taken
- Remember: Shake, 1 puff, 4 breaths**



3 Wait 4 minutes

- If there is no improvement, give **4 more puffs** as above



4 If there is still no improvement call emergency assistance (DIAL 000)*

- Say 'ambulance' and that someone is having an asthma attack
- Keep giving **4 puffs** every **4 minutes** until emergency assistance arrives



*If calling Triple Zero (000) does not work on your mobile phone, try 112

Call emergency assistance immediately (DIAL 000)

- If the person is not breathing
- If the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse, or is not improving
- If the person is having an asthma attack and a puffer is not available
- If you are not sure if it's asthma

Blue reliever medication is unlikely to harm, even if the person does not have asthma



To find out more contact your local Asthma Foundation
1800 645 130 | asthmaaustralia.org.au

© Asthma Australia 2012 Supported by the Australian Government



Translating and
Interpreting Service
131 450